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Compromiso de Honor

Reconozco que el presente deber está diseñado para ser resuelto de manera individual, y no se permite la ayuda de fuentes no autorizadas ni copiar. Firmo al pie del presente compromiso, con constancia de haber leído y acepto la declaración anterior.

Alexandra Barreto A.

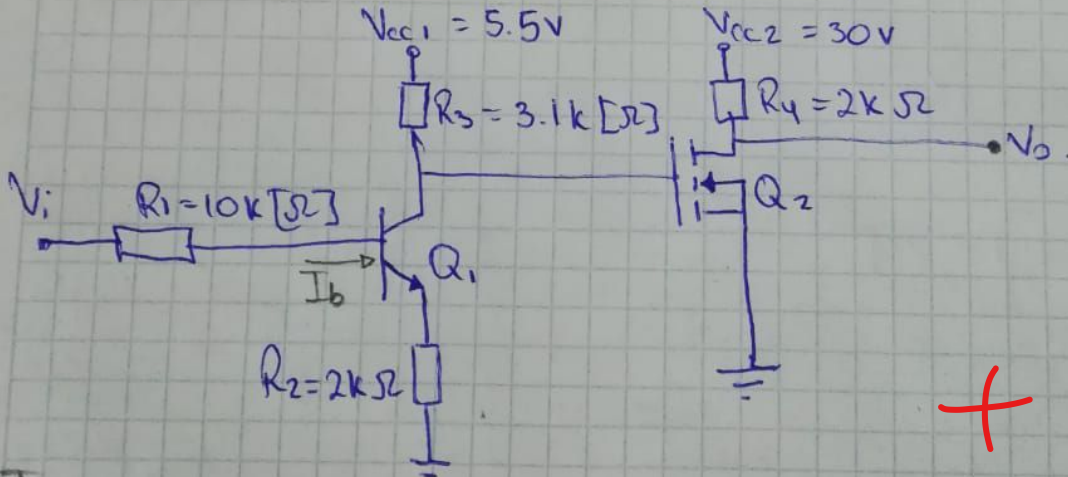
Firme de Compromiso del Estudiante.



Datos.

$Q_1: \beta = 50, V_{ce(sat)} = 0.4V$   
 $Q_2: V_t = 2[V], K = 1 [mA/V^2]$

- a)  $V_o; V_i = 0.3V$
- b)  $V_o; V_i = 3V$
- c)  $V_i; V_o = 17.5V$



+ 3 P

$$I_b = \frac{V_i - V_{be}}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$I_c = (\beta) I_b$$

$$I_c = 50 \left( \frac{V_i - 0.7}{12k} \right)$$

$$I_b = \frac{V_i - 0.7V}{(10k + 2k)}$$

$$I_e = I_c + I_b$$

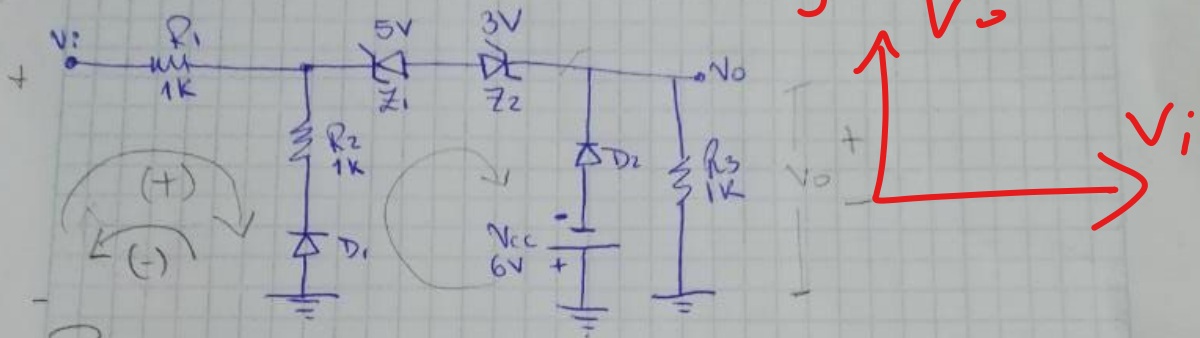


Tema 4

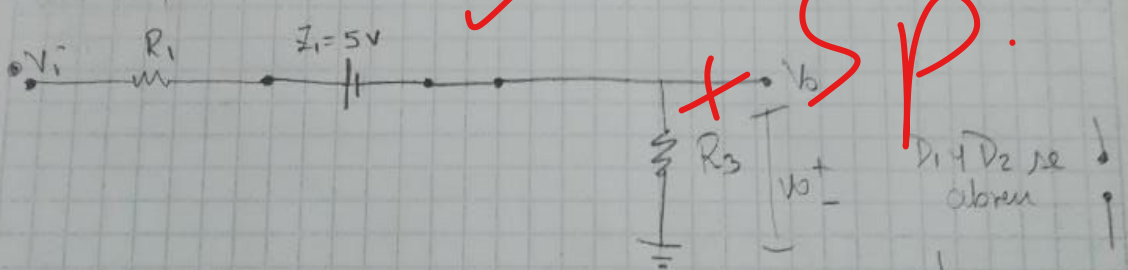
Tema 3

Graficar  $V_o$  vs  $V_i$  en el intervalo  $0 < V_i < +15V$ .

$V_i$  nunca es negativo



Para  $V_i > 0$



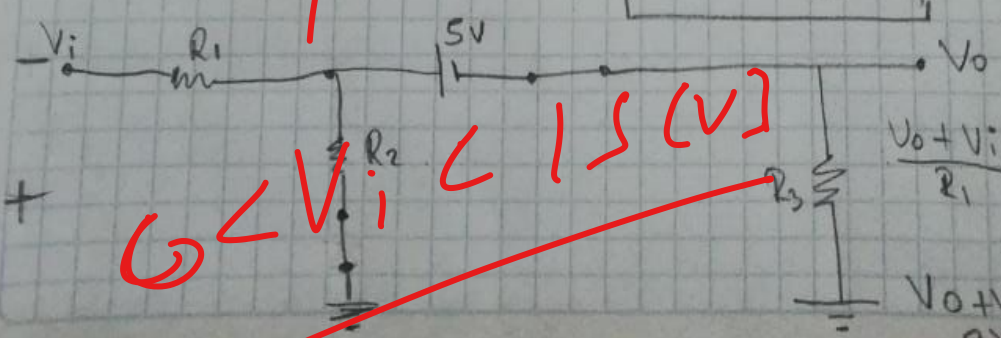
+ SP.

$$\frac{V_o - V_i - 5}{R_1} + \frac{V_o}{R_3} = 0 \Rightarrow V_o - V_i - 5 + V_o = 0$$

$$2V_o - V_i - 5 = 0$$

$$V_o = \frac{V_i + 5}{2}$$

Para  $V_i < 0$



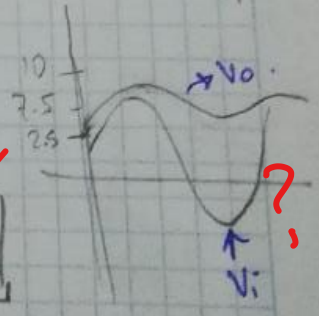
$0 < V_i < 15V$

$$\frac{V_o + V_i}{R_1} + \frac{V_o}{R_2} + \frac{V_o}{R_3} = 0$$

$$V_o + V_i + V_o + V_o = 0$$

$$3V_o + V_i = 0$$

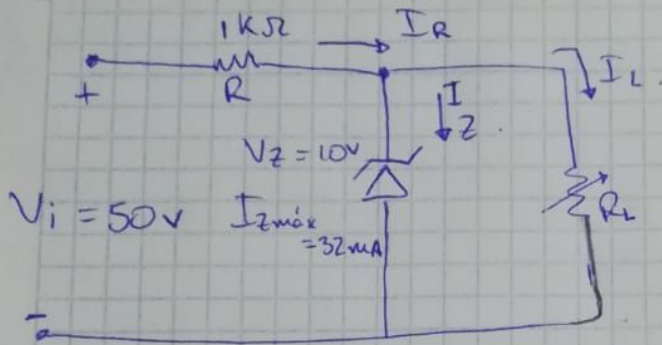
$$V_o = -\frac{V_i}{3}$$





Tema 4.

- a)  $R_L$   $\leq Z$  conduce
- b)  $R_L$  max;  $Z$  no se quemara.
- c) Potencia máx q' puede disipar el diodo  $Z$  en r.



Para que el Zener conduzca debe  $V_o > V_z$ .

$$\therefore V_{RL} \geq V_z$$

$$V_z = V_{RL} = I_L R_L$$

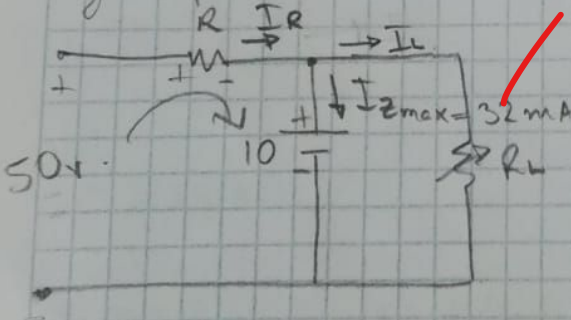
$$10 = I_L R_L$$

$$R_{L_{max}} = \frac{10}{I_L} = \frac{10}{8mA} = 1250 \Omega$$

$$I_R = I_z + I_L$$

$$I_R = \frac{V_i}{R} = \frac{50}{1k} = 0.05A$$

Algunos q' conduce



$$I_R = I_{z_{max}} + I_L$$

$$I_L = I_R - I_{z_{max}}$$

$$I_L = 8mA$$

$$I_{min} = 0A$$

$$I_R = I_{L_{min}} = 40mA$$

b)

$$R_{L_{max}} = 1250 \Omega$$

~~TOP~~

$$I_R = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{50 - 10}{1k} = \frac{40}{1k} = 40mA$$

$$R_{L_{min}} = \frac{10}{I_{L_{min}}} = \frac{10}{40mA} = 250 \Omega$$

~~TOP~~

a)

$$R_{L_{min}} = 250 \Omega$$

$$c) P_{max} = I_{max} R_{max} = (32mA)^2 (1250 \Omega) = 1.28W$$

$$P_{max} = 1.28W$$