ACRÓNIMOS

AAA: Authentication, Authorization and Accounting.

ACK: Acknowledge.

ARP: Address Resolution Protocol.

AS: Autonomous System.

ASCII: American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

ATAPI: AT Attachment Packet Interface.

ATM: Asynchronous Transfer Mode.

BIOS: Basic Input Output System.

BGP: Border Gategay Protocol.

CD-ROM: Compact Disc Read-Only Memory.

CIDR: Classless Inter-Domain Routing.

CSLIP: Compressed SLIP.

CSMA/CD: Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection.

DIE: Departamento de Ingeniería Electrica.

DMZ: Demilitarized Zone.

DNS: Domain Name Server.

DQDB: Distributed Queue Dual Bus.

EGP: Exterior Gateway Protocol.

EIGRP: Enhanced IGRP.

ext2fs: Second Extended Filesystem.

FDDI: Fiber Distributed Data Interface.

FQND: Fully Qualified Domain Name.

FR: Frame Relay.

FTP: File Transfer Protocol.

HTML: HyperText Markup Language.

HTTP: Hiper Text Markup Protocol.

ICMP: Internet Control Message Protocol.

IDE: Integrated Drive Electronics.

IEEE: Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.

IEEE 802.3: Protocolo LAN conocido como Ethernet.

IEEE 802.5: Protocolo LAN Token Ring.

IEEE 802.6: Protocolo MAN DQDB.

IETF: Internet Engineering Task Force.

IGP: Interior Gateway Protocol.

IGRP: Interior Gateway Routing Protocol.

IP: Internet Protocol.

IRC: Internet Relay Chat.

ISO: International Organization for Standardization.

ISOC: Internet Society.

ISP: Internet Service Provider

LAN: Local Area Network.

LDP: Linux Documentation Project.

MAN: Metropolitan Area Network.

Mbps: Megabit / segundo.

MTA: Message Transfer Agent.

NFS: Network File System.

NIS: Network Information Service

NNTP: Network News Transfer Protocol.

OSI: Open Systems Interconnection.

OSPF: Open Shortest Path First.

PAM: Pluggable Authentication Modules.

Perl: Practical Extraction and Report Language.

PLIP: Paralel Line Internet Protocol.

POP3: Post Office Protocol – Version 3.

PPP: Point to Point Protocol.

PSTN: Public Switched Telephony Network.

RADIUS: Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service.

RAM: Random Access Memory.

RAS: Remote Access Server.

RFC: Request For Comment (IETF Document Series).

RIP: Routing Information Protocol .

RPC: Remote Procedure Call.

SLIP: Serial Line Internet Protocol.

SMTP: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.

TCP: Transmission Control Protocol.

TELNET: Remote Terminal Protocol.

UDP: User Datagram Protocol.

URL: Uniform Resource Locator.

UTP: Unshielded Twiested Pair.

UUCP: Unix to Unix Copy.

VISP: Virtual Internet Service Provider.

VoIP: Voice Over IP.

WAN: Wide Area Network.

WWW: World Wide Web.